SUMMARY OF MATERIAL MODIFICATION AND AMENDMENT #1 TO THE DICKINSON COLLEGE PLAN GROUP NO. 18610

This Summary of Material Modification and Amendment describes changes to the Dickinson College Plan effective July 1, 2022. These changes are effective as of **July 1, 2023** and will remain in effect until amended in writing by the Plan Administrator.

This document should be read carefully and attached to the Plan Document and Summary Plan Description. Please contact the Plan Administrator identified in the Summary Plan Description if you have any questions regarding the changes described in this Summary of Material Modification.

Dickinson College (the "Plan Sponsor") is amending the Dickinson College Plan (the "Plan") as follows:

1. Gene therapy is now added to the Plan's list of services that need to be precertified under the **Continuing Care Services (Outpatient and Physician)** subsection under the **Medical Management Program** section:

MEDICAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

List of Items and/or Services that require Precertification

Continuing Care Services (Outpatient and Physician):

- Chemotherapy (including oral)
- Radiation therapy
- Oncology and transplant related injections, infusions, and treatments (e.g., CAR-T, endocrine and immunotherapy), excluding supportive drugs (e.g., antiemetic and antihistamine)
- Hyperbaric oxygen
- Home health care
- Durable Medical Equipment, limited to electric/motorized scooters or wheelchairs and pneumatic compression devices
- · Gene therapy
- 2. The Recommended List of Items and/or Services for Prenotification under the Medical Management Program section is hereby deleted and replaced with the following:

MEDICAL MANAGEMENT PROGRAM

Recommended List of Items and/or Services for Prenotification

The below items and/or services, if Covered Expenses under the Plan, should be prenotified before any medical services are provided. To determine whether a benefit is covered or excluded, please review the Eligible Medical Expenses and/or General Exclusions and Limitations sections of this document.

- Biopsies (excluding skin)
- Vascular Access Devices for the infusion of chemotherapy (including, but not limited to, PICC and Central Lines)
- Creation and revision of Arteriovenous Fistula (AV Fistula) or Vessel to Vessel Cannula for dialysis
- Dialysis

Prenotification is used to inform the Medical Management program of upcoming services. It is a data-entry process and does not require judgment or interpretation for Medical Necessity. Prenotification is set in motion by a telephone call from you, the patient, or a representative acting on your behalf or on behalf of the patient. There are no reductions of benefits or penalties if prenotification is not performed.

3. The Plan Year Deductible and Plan Year Medical Out-of-Pocket Maximum in the Medical Schedule of Benefits are hereby deleted and replaced as shown below:

MEDICAL SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

	PARTICIPATING PROVIDERS	NON-PARTICIPATING PROVIDERS (Subject to Usual and Customary Charges)
PLAN YEAR DEDUCTIBLE		
Single	\$500	\$800
Family	\$1,500	\$2,400
PLAN YEAR MEDICAL OUT-OF-POCKET MAXIMUM (includes medical Deductible, medical Coinsurance and medical Copays)		
Single	\$1,500	\$1,950
Family	\$4,500	\$5,850
TOTAL OVERALL PLAN YEAR MEDICAL AND PRESCRIPTION DRUG OUT-OF-POCKET MAXIMUM (includes Deductible, Coinsurance and Copays – combined with Prescription Drug Card)		
Single	\$3,000	\$1,950
Family	\$7,500	\$5,850

- 4. The Prescription Drug Schedule of Benefits is hereby deleted and replaced as shown in Exhibit A.
- 5. The following exclusion is hereby added alphabetically to the **General Exclusions and Limitations** section of the Plan:

GENERAL EXCLUSIONS AND LIMITATIONS

- (#) Services Not Permitted Under Applicable State or Local Laws: Some state or local laws restrict the scope of health care services that a provider may render. In such cases, the Plan will not cover such health care services.
- 6. The Prescription Drug Card Program is hereby deleted and replaced as shown in Exhibit B.
- 7. In the **General Plan Information** section of the Plan, the **Prescription Drug Card Program Administrator** is hereby deleted and replaced as shown below:

GENERAL PLAN INFORMATION

Prescription Drug Card Program Administrator:

OptumRx (800) 382-0754 www.optumrx.com

All other provisions of this Plan shall remain unchanged.

In Witness Whereof, Dickinson College has caused this Amendment to take effect, be attached to, and form a part of their Plan.

Authorized Signature

Date

Title

Witness

5/17/23 Date

Title

EXHIBIT A

PRESCRIPTION DRUG SCHEDULE OF BENEFITS

BENEFIT DESCRIPTION	BENEFIT	
NOTE: There is no coverage under the Plan for Prescription	on Drugs obtained from a Non-Participating Provider.	
PLAN YEAR PRESCRIPTION DRUG OUT-OF- POCKET MAXIMUM (includes Prescription Drug Copays)		
Single	\$1,500	
Family	\$3,000	
TOTAL OVERALL PLAN YEAR MAJOR MEDICAL AND PRESCRIPTION DRUG OUT-OF-POCKET MAXIMUM (includes Deductibles, Copays and Coinsurance – combined with major medical)		
Single	\$3,000	
Family	\$7,500	
Retail Pharmacy: 30-day supply		
Generic Drug	\$10 Copay	
Preferred Drug	30% Copay	
Non-Preferred Drug	50% Copay	
Preventive Drug (Prescription Drugs classified as a Preventive Drug by HHS)	\$0 Copay (100% paid)	
Mandatory Specialty Pharmacy Program: 30-day supply		
Generic Drug	\$50 Copay	
Preferred Drug	\$50 Copay	
Non-Preferred Drug	\$100 Copay	
NOTE: Specialty Drugs MUST be obtained directly from the retail or mail order pharmacies and there are no grace fills	e specialty pharmacy. Specialty Drugs are not available at provided to Covered Persons.	
Mail Order Pharmacy: 90-day supply		
Generic Drug	\$20 Copay	
Preferred Drug	20% Copay	
Non-Preferred Drug	34% Copay	
Preventive Drug (Prescription Drugs classified as a Preventive Drug by HHS)	\$0 Copay (100% paid)	

NOTE: Certain Prescription Drug classes are subject to Step Therapy. (See the Prescription Drug Card Program section for further details regarding Step Therapy.)

Dispense as Written

The Plan requires pharmacies dispense Generic Drugs when available unless the Physician specifically prescribes a Preferred or Non-Preferred Drug and marks the script "Dispense as Written" (DAW). Should a Covered Person choose a Preferred or Non-Preferred Drug rather than the Generic equivalent when the Physician allowed a Generic Drug to be dispensed, the Covered Person will also be responsible for the cost difference between the Generic and Preferred or Non-Preferred Drug. The cost difference is not covered by the Plan and will not accumulate toward your Out-of-Pocket Maximum.

Mandatory Specialty Pharmacy Program

Self-administered Specialty Drugs that do not require administration under the direct supervision of a Physician must be obtained directly from the specialty pharmacy program. For additional information, please contact the Prescription Drug Card Program Administrator.

Specialty Drugs that must be administered in a Physician's office, infusion center or other clinical setting, or the Covered Person's home by a third party, will be considered under the Medical Benefits section of the Plan. Those drugs that can be self-administered and do not require the direct supervision of a Physician are only eligible under the Prescription Drug Program.

Preventive Drug means items which have been identified by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) as a preventive service. You may view the guidelines established by HHS by visiting the following website:

https://www.healthcare.gov/what-are-my-preventive-care-benefits

For a list of Preventive Drugs, contact the Prescription Drug Card Program Administrator identified in the General Plan Information section of this Plan.

EXHIBIT B

PRESCRIPTION DRUG CARD PROGRAM

Eligible expenses include Prescription Drugs and medicines prescribed by a Physician or authorized prescriber and dispensed by a licensed pharmacist, which are deemed necessary for treatment of an Illness or Injury including but not limited to: insulin; hypodermic needles or syringes, but only when dispensed upon a written prescription of a licensed Physician; diabetic supplies; sexual dysfunction/impotence medication; growth hormones and contraceptives (regardless of intended use). See the Prescription Drug Schedule of Benefits for any cost-sharing provisions, if applicable.

When your prescription is filled at a retail pharmacy, the maximum amount or quantity of Prescription Drugs covered per Copay is a 30-day supply. Maintenance drugs of more than a 30-day supply may be purchased through the mail order program.

When using the mail order program, the maximum amount or quantity of Prescription Drugs covered per Copay is a 90-day supply.

Expenses for certain medications that are not covered under the Prescription Drug Card Program and are Medically Necessary for the treatment of a covered Illness or Injury will be payable under the medical benefits section of the Plan subject to any applicable major medical Deductibles and Coinsurance as well as any coverage limitations and exclusions applicable to the major medical component of the Plan. Please refer to the Eligible Medical Expenses and the General Limitations and Exclusions section of the Plan.

NOTE: Coverage, limitations and exclusions for Prescription Drugs will be determined through the Prescription Drug Card Program elected by the Plan Sponsor and will not be subject to any limitations and exclusions under the major medical component of the Plan (except for certain medications that are not covered under the Prescription Drug Card Program). For a complete listing of Prescription Drugs available under the Prescription Drug Card Program, as well as any exclusions or limitations that may apply, please contact the Prescription Drug Card Program Administrator identified in the General Plan Information section of this Plan.

Dispense as Written

The Plan requires pharmacies dispense Generic Drugs when available unless the Physician specifically prescribes a Preferred or Non-Preferred Drug and marks the script "Dispense as Written" (DAW). Should a Covered Person choose a Preferred or Non-Preferred Drug rather than the Generic equivalent when the Physician allowed a Generic Drug to be dispensed, the Covered Person will also be responsible for the cost difference between the Generic and Preferred or Non-Preferred Drug. The cost difference is not covered by the Plan and will not accumulate toward your Out-of-Pocket Maximum.

Mandatory Specialty Pharmacy Program

Self-administered Specialty Drugs that do not require administration under the direct supervision of a Physician must be obtained directly from the specialty pharmacy program. For additional information, please contact the Prescription Drug Card Program Administrator.

Specialty Drugs that must be administered in a Physician's office, infusion center or other clinical setting, or the Covered Person's home by a third party, will be considered under the Medical Benefits section of the Plan. Those drugs that can be self-administered and do not require the direct supervision of a Physician are only eligible under the Prescription Drug Program.

Step Therapy

What is Step Therapy?

Certain Prescription Drug classes are subject to Step Therapy. Step Therapy is a type of prior authorization. In most cases, you must first try a less expensive drug on the formulary (also called a drug list) that has been proven effective for most people with your condition before you can move up a "step" to a more expensive drug. This might mean trying a similar, more affordable Brand Name Drug. The more affordable drugs in the first phase are known as "Step 1" Prescription Drugs. Please note the formulary may change at any time. You will receive notice when necessary.

However, if you have already tried the more affordable drug and it didn't work or if your Physician believes it is Medically Necessary for you to be on a more expensive drug, he or she can contact the Plan Administrator to request an exception. If your Physician's request is approved, the Plan will cover the more expensive drug. The more expensive drugs are known as "Step 2" Prescription Drugs.

Step Therapy is a program especially for people who take Prescription Drugs regularly for ongoing conditions like arthritis and high blood pressure.

In Step Therapy, drugs are grouped in categories based on cost:

- Front-line drugs the first step are Generic Drugs proven to be safe, effective and affordable. These drugs should
 be tried first because they can provide the same health benefit as more expensive drugs, at a lower cost.
- Back-up drugs Step 2 and Step 3 drugs are Brand Name Drugs. There are lower-cost brand drugs (Step 2) and higher-cost brand drugs (Step 3). Back-up drugs typically cost more than front-line drugs.

How does Step Therapy work?

The next time the Physician writes a prescription, ask the Physician if a Generic Drug listed by the Plan as a front-line drug is appropriate. It makes good sense to ask for these drugs first because, for most everyone, they work as well as Brand Name Drugs - and they almost always cost less.

If the Covered Person already tried a front-line drug, or his or her Physician decides one of these drugs isn't appropriate, then the Covered Person's Physician can prescribe a back-up drug. The Covered Person should ask his or her Physician if one of the lower-cost Brand Name Drugs (Step 2 drugs) listed by the Plan is appropriate. Remember, the Covered Person can always get a higher-cost Brand Name Drug at a higher Copay if the front-line or Step 2 back-up drugs are not appropriate.

If on July 1, 2022, the Covered Person is currently using a medication that requires Step Therapy he or she may continue using that medication. If the Covered Person is trying to fill a medication for the first time in 6 months, he or she may be required to use the first-line therapy before the Step Therapy medication can be filled. Please contact the Prescription Drug Card Program Administrator for more information on the Step Therapy program.

Failure to use the Step Therapy program may result in the Covered Person being responsible for the entire cost of the drug.

Brand Name Drug: Means a trade name medication.

Generic Drug: A Prescription Drug which has the equivalency of the Brand Name Drug with the same use and metabolic disintegration. This Plan will consider as a Generic Drug any Food and Drug Administration approved generic pharmaceutical dispensed according to the professional standards of a licensed pharmacist and clearly designated by the pharmacist as being generic.

Non-Preferred Drug: Any Brand Name drugs that do not appear on the list of Preferred Drugs.

Preferred Drug: A list of Brand Name drugs that has been developed by a Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committee comprised of Physicians, Pharmacists and other health care professionals. The list of Brand Name drugs is subject to periodic review and modification based on a variety of factors such as, but not limited to, Generic Drug availability, Food and Drug Administration (FDA) changes, and clinical information. The Prescription Drug Card Program Administrator will have a list of Preferred Drugs available.

Prescription Drug: Any of the following: (a) a Food and Drug Administration-approved drug or medicine, which, under federal law, is required to bear the legend, "Caution: federal law prohibits dispensing without prescription"; (b) injectable insulin; or (c) hypodermic needles or syringes, but only when dispensed upon a written prescription of a licensed Physician. Such drug must be Medically Necessary in the treatment of an Illness or Injury.

Preventive Drug means items which have been identified by the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS) as a preventive service. You may view the guidelines established by HHS by visiting the following website:

https://www.healthcare.gov/what-are-my-preventive-care-benefits

For a list of Preventive Drugs, contact the Prescription Drug Card Program Administrator identified in the General Plan Information section of this Plan.

Specialty Drug means those Prescription Drugs, medicines, agents, substances and other therapeutic products that include one or more of the following particular characteristics:

- (1) Address complex, chronic diseases with many associated co-morbidities (e.g., cancer, rheumatoid arthritis, hemophilia, multiple sclerosis);
- (2) Require a greater amount of pharmaceutical oversight and clinical monitoring for side effect management and to limit waste;
- (3) Limited pharmaceutical supply chain distribution as determined by the applicable drug's manufacturer; and/or
- (4) Relative expense.