THURSDAY CAREERS CHATS

Date of Session: 9-29-11	Title of Session: Museum Careers	
Alumni Presenter: Mark Thompson	Class Ye	ar: 1975
Title: Executive Director	Employer: Jefferson Patters	on Park & Museum

Notes from Session:

Background

- After graduating from Dickinson with an english major, he worked at a museum for a year in Philadelphia. He then transitioned to law school and ultimately worked as a trial lawyer for 20 years. After coming to the realization that his legal career wasn't fulfilling to him, he decided to give up his law practice and seek a career he would enjoy, which ended up being museums. (He finds it to be a good field because of the intellectual challenges, finds it to be less stressful than some other fields, and gets lots of fulfillment from his work).
- He went to the University of Delaware and got a master's in history with a certification in museum studies.
- He was in a unique position because of his extensive background in law, so his first jobs out were not the typical first jobs Executive Director of a small museum, then a regional director of a large museum, then then ultimately an executive director at a larger museum.

The Museum Field

- The Executive Director is the person in charge. They provide a vision for the museum and serve as the public face/spokesperson. It's an administrative position, but also involves "fun stuff" like exploring what the next museum exhibit will be.
- There are a variety of career options executive director, curator (works under the director), exhibit curator (presents concepts of exhibit to the director), collections curator (in charge of "stuff"), conservator (conserves artifacts), educator (adult programs and/or school-ages programs). Also, there's marketing, development, event planning...
- There are many types of museums history, science, art, historical houses, botanical gardens/planetariums/zoos.

How Can I Get There?

- A related major is good, but if you don't have one it won't be too much of a detriment.
- An internship is helpful, and museums are always looking for interns.
- Join a museum organization, such as the American Association of Museums.
- Look at job boards to get an understanding of possible jobs.
- o AAM (American Association of Museums)
- o AASLH (American Association for State and Local History)
- o New England Museum Association
- o State museum associations
- o National Council of Public History (public history is a term used for the museum field)
- o Usajobs.gov
- o Muse Weekly (The University of Delaware Department of Museum Studies sends a list of conferences, programs, workshops, internships and jobs)
- You don't necesarily need to know the museum's specific content area to be marketable to that museum, having museum experience and related skills is more important.
- You can get a job right out of college, but in order to advance you'll need an additional degree. (It's rare to get a PhD, but some have it. A lot have master's degrees.)
- o Two types of graduate programs master's in museum studies and master's in a subject (such as history) with a certificate in museum studies. The later is more common, and the underlying subject can be pretty much anything.
- Most jobs are posted (versus needing to network). This makes the job search a bit easier, but it's also more competitive.
- There ARE iobs.
- Compensations isn't huge (entry level can be as low as \$28,000, \$35 with a master's). It's not a lucrative career, but with a slow and steady rise in the museum field you can make a good salary.