## CONNECTICUT DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

## WAGE AND WORKPLACE STANDARDS DIVISION

Sec. 31-60-1. Piece rates in relation to tim (a) Definitions. For the purpose of this regulation, piece rates" means an established rate per unit of
work performed without regard too time required for work performed without regard to time required for
such accomplishment. "Commissions" means any
premium or incentive compensation for business premium or incentive compensation for business
transacted whether based on per centum of total transacted whether based on per centum of total
valuation or specific rate per unit of accomplishment. "Incentive plan" means any method of compensation,
including, without limitation thereto, commissions, piece rate, bonuses, etc., based upon the amount of with a fixed plan by which the employee becomes
entitled to the compensation upon fulfillment of the conditions established as part of the working
agreement, but shall be subject to the limitation agreement, but shal
(b) Record of wages. Each employer shall maintain records of wages paid to each employee who is
compensated for his services in accordance with an incentive plan in such form as to enable such compensation to be translated readily into terms of
average hourly rate on a weekly basis for each work

## (c) Piece rates in relation to time rates:

 (1) When an employee is compensated solely atpiece rates he shall be paid a sufficient amount at piece rates to yield an average rate of at least
the minimum wage for each hour worked in any week, and the wage paid to such employee shall
be not less than the minimum wage for each hour
(2) When an employee is compensated at piece rates for certain hours of work in a week and at an
hourly rate for other hours, the employee's hourly rate shall be at least the minimum wage and his
earnings from piece rates shall average at least the minimum wage for each hour worked on piece rate for that work week, and the wage paid to such
employee shall not be less than the minimum wage employee shall not el
for each hour worked.
(3) When an employee is employed at a combination
of hourly rate and piece rate for the same work (i.e., an incentive pay plan superimposed upon an hourly rate or a piece rate coupled with a minimum hourly guarantee), the employee shall
receive an average rate of at least the minimum receive an average rate of at least the minimum
wage an hour for each hour worked in any week and
the wage paid to such employee shall be not less the wage paid to such employee shall be not les
than the minimum wage for each hour worked.

## (d) Commission

(1) When an employee is compensated solely on
a commission basis, he shall be paid weekly an average of at least the minimum wage per hour
for each hour worked.
(2) When an employee is paid in accordance with a plan providing for a base rate plus commission,
the wage paid weekly to the employee from these combined sources shall equal at least an average
of the minimum wage an hour for each hour worked in any work week. All commissions shall be settled
at least once in each month in full. When earing at least once in each month in full. When earnings
are derived in whole or in part on the basis of an incentive plan other than these defined herein, the employee shall receive weekly at least the minimum
wage per hour for each hour worked in the work week, and the ball
least once monthly.
Sec. 31-60-2. Gratuities as part of the minimum
For the purposes of this regulation, "gratuity" means a voluntary monetary contribution received by the
employee from a guest, patron or customer for service employee frir
rendered.
(a) Unless otherwise prohibited by statutory provision
or by a wage order, gratuities may be recognized as or by a wage order, gratuities may be recognized as
constituting a part of the minimum fair wage when all constituting a part of the minimum fair wage
of the following provisions are complied with:
(1) The employee shall be engaged in an
employment in which gratuities have customarily employment in which gratuities have customarily
and usually constituted and have been recognized as part of his remuneration for hiring purposes
and (2) The amount received in gratuities claimed as
credit for part of the minimum fair wage shall be recorded on a weekly basis as a separate item in
the wage record, even though payment is made more frequently, and
(3) Each employer claiming credit for gratuities
as part of the minimum fair wage paid as part of the minimum fair wage paid to any
employee shall provide substantial evidence that the amount claimed, which shall not exceed the
allowance hereinatter rovided, was received by the employee. For example, a statement signed by the employee attesting hat wages received, including
gratuities not to exceed the amount specified herein, together with other authorized allowances, represents a payment of not less than the e inimum
wage per hour for each hour worked during the pay "substantial evidence" for purposes of this section,
provided all other requirements of this and other provided all other requirements of this and oth
(b) Allowances for gratuities as part of the minimum
wage shall not exceed $34.6 \%$ on January 1,2014 and $36.8 \%$ on January 1,2015 for employees employed in the hotel and restaurant industry, who customarily
receive gratuities, and $15.6 \%$ on January 1,2014
and $18.5 \%$ on January 1,2015 for bartenders who customarily and regularly receive gratuities or not
more than 35 cents per hour for employees in any more than 35 cents per hour for employees in any
other industry in which it can be established that gratuities have, prior to July 1 , 1967, customarily
and usually constituted and been recognized as part of the employee's remuneration for hiring purposes
for the aprticular employment Gratuities received in excess of the amount specififed herein as allowable
need not be reported op recorded for the purposes of this regulation. The wage paid to each employee shall
be at least the minimum wage per hour for each hour worked, which may include gratuities not to exceed
the limitation herein set forth, provided all conditions herein set forth shall le met.

Sec. 31-60-3. Deductions and allowances for
reasonable value of board and lodging was repealed.
Sec. 31-60-4. Physically or mentally handicapped
[This regulation defines a "physically or mentally handicapped person" as a person whose earning
capacity is impaired by age or physical or mental deficiency or injury and provides guidelines for a modification of the minimum wage.]
Sec. 31-60-6. Minors under the age of 18 .
(a) For the purposes of this regulation, "minor" means a person at least 16 years of age but no
over 18 years of age. To prevent curtuit over 18 years of age. To prevent curtailment
of employment opportunities for minors, and to
provide a reasonable period during which training provide a reasonable period during which training
or adjustment to employment conditions may be
accomplished a minor may be accomplished, a minor may be employed at a
modification of the minimum fair wage established by subsection (j) of section $31-58$ of the general statutes, but at not less than $85 \%$ of the minimum wage, for the first 200 hours of employment. When a
minor has had an aggregate of two hundred hours of employment, he may not be employed by the same
or any other employer at less than the minimum fai or any
wage.
(b) In addition to the records required by section
$31-66$ of the 1969 supplement to the genera statutes, each employer shall obtain from each mino lo be employed at a modification of the minimun fair wage rate as herein provided, a statemen
of his employment prior to his date of accessio
with his present employer. Such statement prior employment, supplemented by the presen employer's record of hours worked by the minor
while in his employ, will be deemed satisfactory
evidence of good faith on the part of the employer with respect to his adherence to the provisisions of th regulation, provided such record shall be in complete
compliance with the requirements of section $31-66$ compliance with the requirements of section
of the general statutes and section 31-60-12.
(c) Deviation from the provisions of this regulation
will cancel the modification of the minimum fair will cancel the modification of the minimum fair
wage e erein provided for all hours during whict he
violation prevailed and for such time the minimum violation prevailed and for such time the minimum Sec. 31-60-7. Learners.
[This regulation contains the requirements to apply
to the Labor Commissioner for a subminimum rate the Labor Commissioner for a subminimum rat

## Sec. 31-60-8. Apprentices

[Under this regulation, apprentices duly registered
by the Connecticut State Apprenticeship Council of he Labor Department may not be employed at less than the minimum wage unless permission has been application process.]
Sec. 31-60-9. Apparel.
For the purpose of this regulation, "apparel mployer forms or other clothing supplied by the does not include articles of clothing purchased by the employee or clothing usually required for health, comfort or convenience of the employee. week or the actual cost, whichever is lower, pay
be permitted to apply as part of the minimum fair ee permitted to apply as part of the minimum fai the laundering and cleaning of such apparel wher the service has been performed. When protective
garments such as gloves, boots or aprons are garments such as gloves, boots or aprons are to an employee or are required in the interest of
sanitation, such garments shall be provided and sanitation, such garments shall be provided and
paid for and maintained by the employer without charge upon the employee.
Sec. 31-60-10. Travel time
a) For the purpose of this regulation, "travel time" means that time during which a worker is required
or permitted to travel for purposes incidental to "a performance of his employment but does not includ me spent ror return to pore provided in this regulation.
(b) When an employee, in the course of his purposes which inure to the benefit of the employe such travel time shall be considered to be working lime and shall be paid for as such. Expenses directly
incidental to and resulting from such travel shall be paid for by the employer when payment made by
the employee would bring the employee's earnings the employee would bring the employee's earnings
below the minimum fair wage.
(c) When an employee is required to report to other
an his usual place of employment at the beginning of his work day, if such an assignment involves fravel time on the part of the employee in exces to his usual place of employment, such additional
travel time shall be considered to be working time ravel time shall be considered to be working time and shall be paid for as such
(d) When at the end of a work day a work assignment
at other than his usual place of employment involves, on the part of the employee, travel time in excess of that ordinarily required to travel from his usual
place of employment to his home, such additiona ravel time shall be considered to be working time

Sec. 31-60-11. Hours worked.
(a) For the purpose of this regulation, "hours worked" include all time during which an employe premises or to be on duty, or to be at the prescribe work place, and all time during which an employee is employed or permitted to work, whether or not
required to do so, provided time allowed for meals shall be excludeded unless the employee is required or be limited to, the time when an employee is require 10 wait on the premises while no work is provided by
the employer. Working time in every instance sha the employer. Working time in every instance s.
be computed to the nearest unit of 15 minutes.
(b) All inime during which an employee is required to be on call for emersencyy senvice at at ocotaion designated by the employer shall be considered
to be working time and shall be paid for as such, whether or not the employee is actually called upon
to work.
(c) When an employee is subject to call for location designated by the employer but is simply required to keep the employer informed as to the
location at which he may location at which he may be contacted, or when
an employee is not specifically required by his an employee is not specifically required by his
employer to be subject to call but is ocontacted by
his employer or on the employer's authorization directly or indirectly and assigned to duty, working
time shall begin when the employee is notified of his time shall begin when the employee is notitied of his
assignment and shall end when the employee has
completed his assignment. completed his assignment.
Sec. 31-60-12. Records.
(a) For the purpose of this regulation, "true and
accurate records" means accurate legible records
freach employee showing:
(1) His name;
(2) his home
which he is employed; (4) the total daily ynd tolal wesly showing the beginning and ending time of
each work period, computed to the nearest each work period
(5) his total hourly, daily or weekly basic wage;
(6) his overtime wage as a separate item from
his basic wage;
additions to, or deductions from his wages
each pay period; adacitions pay period;
each total wages paid
(8) his total wages paid each pay period;
accordance with sections $31-60-1$ through
$31-60-16$. $31-60-16 ;$
working certificates for minor employees (10) $\begin{aligned} & \text { working certificates for minor employees } \\ & \text { (sixteen to eighteen years). True and } \\ & \text { accurate records shall be maintained and }\end{aligned}$ retained at the place of employment for
(b) The labor commissioner may authorize the maintenance of wage records and the
retention of both wage and hour records as retention of both wage and hour records as
outined either in whole or in part at a place
other than the place of employment when it other than the place of employment when it
is demonstrated that the retention of such
records at the place of employment either
(1) works an undue hardship on the employer without materially benefiting the inspection
procedures of the labor department, or (2) is not practical for enforcement purposes Where permission is granted to maintain
wage records at other than the place o
employment, a record of total daily and weekly hours worked by each employee
shall also be available for inspection in connection with such wage records.
(c) In the case of an employee who spends $75 \%$ or
more of his working time away from his employer's place of business and the maintaining of time records showing the beginning and ending time of
each work period for such employee either imposes each work period for such employee either impose
an undue hardship upon the employer or expose an undue hardship upon the employer or exposes
him to jeopardy because of his inability to contro)
the accuracy of such entries, a record of total daily the accuracy of such entries, a record of total daily
and total weekly hours will be approved as fufililing and total weekly hours will be approved as fulfiling
the erocrd keeping requirements of this section. However, in such cases, the original time entrie
shall be made by the employee in his own beha shall be made by the employee in his own behaif
and the time entries made by the employee shall
be used as the basis for payroll records.
(d) The employer shall maintain and retain for
period of 3 years the following information and data on each individual employed in a bona fidd
executive, administrative or professional canacity.

## (1) His name;

(2) his home address,
(3) the occupation in which he is employed;
(4) his total wages paid each work period;
(4) his total wages paid each work period;
(5) the date of payment and the pay period covere
by payment.
Sec. 31-60-14. Employee in a bona fide Executive
capacit. capacity
(a) For the purposes of section $31-58$ (f) of the
general statutes, as amended, "employee employed generalstatutes, as amended, employee employed
in a bona fide executive capacaity" means any
employee (1) whose primary duty consists of the management of the enterprise in which he is employed or of a customarily recognized departmen
or subdivision thereof; and (2) who customarily and regularly directs the work of two or more othe employeess therein; and (3) who has the authority to
hire or fire other employ hire or fire other employees or whose suggestions
and recommendations as to the hiring or firing and as to the advancement and promotion or any othe change of status of other employees will be given
particular weight; and (4) who customarily and particular weight; and (4) who customarily an
regularly execrise discretionary powers; and (5)
who regularly exercise discretionary powers,
who does not devote more than twenty percent,
or, in the case of an employee of a retail or service or, in the case of an employee of a retail or service
establishment who does not devote as much as forty percent, of his hours of work in the workwee
to activities which are not directly and closel related to the performance of the work described in subdivisions (1) to ( ()), inclusive, of this section
provided this subdivision shall not apply in the case provided this subdivision shall not apply in the case
of an employee who owns at least twenty percent interest in the enterprise in which he is employed
and (6) who is compensated for his and (r) who is compensated for his services on a
salary basis at a rate of not less than four hundred salary basis at a rate of not less than four hundred
dollars per week exclusive of board, lodging, of dollars per week exclusive of board, lodging, or
other facilities, except that this subdivision shal not apply in the case of an employee in training for a bona fide executive position as defined in this
section if (A) the training period does not exceed section if (A) the training period does not exceed
six months; and (B) the employee is compensated for his services on a salary basis at a rate not less
than three hundred seventy five dol than three hundred seventy-five dollars per week exclusive of board, lodging, or other facilities during
the training period; (C) a tentative outline of the the training period; (C) a tentative outline of the
training program has been approved by the labo commissioner; and (D) the employer shall pay
tuition costs, and fees, if any, for such instruction and reimburse the employee for travel expenses to and from each destination other than local, wher
such instruction or training is provided. Any traine
time by the labor commissioner upon proper
notice, if he finds that the intent of the program as approved has not been carried out. An employee
who is compensated on a salary basis at a rate o who is compensated on a salary basis at a rate of
not less than four hundred seventy-five dollars per week, exclusive of board, lodgtying, or other
facilities, and whose primary duty consists of facilities, and whose primary duty consists o
the management of the enterprise in which he is the management of the enterprise in which he is
employed or of a customarily recognized department employed or of a customarily recognized department
or subdivision thereof, and includes the customary and regular idiection of the work of two or more other
employees therin, shall be deemed to meet all of employees therein, shall be dee
the requirements of this section.
(b) "Salary basis" means a predetermined amoun paid for each pay period on a weekly or less frequen
basis, regardless of the number of days or hours worked, which amount is not subject to reduction
because of variations in the quality or quatity of because of variations in the quality or quantity of
the work performed, and which amount has been the work performed, and which amount has been
the subject of an employer advisement as required by section $31-71 \mathrm{f}$ of the Connecticut General Statutes.
(1) Although the employee need not be paid for any workweek in which he performed no work
deductions may only be made in the following five (5) instances:
(A) During the initial and terminal weeks
of employment, an employer may pay a proportionate part of an employee's salary for
the time actually worked; (B) Deductions may be made for one or more
full days if the employee is absent for personal Cher
(C) Deductions may be made for one or more
full days of sickness or disabiilty provided the deduction is made pursuant to a bona fide
plan, policy or practice of making deductions plan, policy or practice of making deductions
from an employee's salary after sickness or
disability leave has been exhausted which has disability leave has been exhausted which has
been disclosed to the employee in accordance
with section 31-71f of the Connecticut General with sectio
Statutes;
(D) Deductions may be made for asestes of
less than one full day taken pursuant to the
federal family medical leave act, 29 USC 2601 et seq., or the Connecticut family and medical
leave act, section $31-51 \mathrm{kk}$ et seq., of the Connecticut General Statutes, as permitted by
29 CFF 825.206 or by section $31-519 q-17$ of the
reguations of
(E) Deductions may be made for one or more full days if the employee is absent as a result of rule of major significancance. Sarefty rules of major
significance include only those relating to the prevention of serious danger to the employer's
(2)(A) No deduction of any kind shall be made for any part of a workweek absence that is attributable (i) lack of work occasioned by the operating
requirements of the employer; requirements of the employer, at a judicial
(ii) jury dutt, or attendance at
proceeding in the capacity of a witness; or
proceeding in the capacity of a witness; or
(iii) temporary military leave. (B) An employer is permitted to offset payments an employee receives for any of the services
described in this subivivision against the employee's regular salary during the week of
such absence.
(3) No deduction shall be made for an absence of
less than one full day from work unless:
(A) The absence is taken pursuant to the federa
family and medical leave act, 29 USC 2601 et
family and medical leave act, 29 USC 2601 e
seq., or the Connecticut family and medical seq., or the Connecticut family and medical
Ieave act, section $31-5 \mathrm{kk}$ et seq.. of the
Connecticut General Statutes, as permitted by Connecticut General Statutes, as permitted by
29 CFR 825.206 or by section $31-51$ qq-17 of the
(B) The absence is taken pursuant to a bona fide paid time off benefits plan that specifically
authorizes the substitution or reduction from authorizes the substitution or reduction from
accrued benefits for the time that an employee
is absent from work, provided the employee receives payment in an amount equal to his guaranteed salary.
(4) No deduction of any kind shall be made for an
absence of less than one week which results from absence of less than one week which results from
a disciplinary suspension for violating ordinary rules of employee conduct.

Sec. 31-60-15. Employee in bona fide
Administrative Capacity
(a) For the purposes of said section $31-58$ (f),
"employee employed in a bona fide administrative capacity" means any employee (1) whose primary
duty consists of either: (A) the performance of office duty consists of either: (A) the performance of office
or nonmanual work directly related to managemen policies or general business operations of his
employer or his employer's customers, or (B) the employer or his employer's customers, or (B) the
performance of functions in the administration o a school system or educational establishment or
institution, or of a department or subdivision thereof in work directly related to the academic instruction or
training carried on therein; and (2) who customarily training carried on therein; and (2) who customarily
and regularly exercises discretion and independent
judgement; and (3) (A) who regularly and directly jad regulariy exercises discretion and independe
judgement; and ( 3 ) (A) who regularly and directly
assists a proprietor, or an employee employed in assists a proprietor, or an employee employed in
a bona fife executive or administrative capacity,
as such terms are defined in section $31-60-14$ and as such terms are defined in section 31-60-14 and
$31-60-15$, or (B) who performs under only general
supervision work along specialized or technical lines superision work along specialized or technical lines
requiring special lraining, experience or knowledge,
or (C) who executes under only general supervision or (C) who executes under only general supervision
special assignments and tasks; and (4) who does special assignments and tasks; and (4) who does
not tevote more than twenty percent, or, in the case
of an employee of a retail or service establishmen who does not devote as mucrv as establishmen
of his hours worked in the workweer to activities of his hours worked in the workweek to activities
which are not directly and closely related to the
performance of the work described in subdivivisions performance of the work described in subdivisions
(1) to (3), inclusive, of this section; and (5)(A) who is
compensated for his services on a salary or fee assis at a rate of not less than four hundred dollar
week exclusive of board, lodging, or other
facilities, or (B) who, in the case of academic
administrative personnel his services as required by subparagraph (A) his subdivision or on a salary basis which is at
least equal to the entrance salary for teachers in the school system or educational establishment
or institution by which he is employed; provided or institition by which he is enployeyd; ; provided
an employee who is compensated on a salary or fee basis at a rate of not less than four or fee basis at a rate of not less than four
hundred seventy--five dollars per week,
exclusive of board, lodging, or other facilities, exclusive of board, lodging, or other facilities,
and whose primary duty consists of the performance of work described in subdivisio (1) of this section, which includes work requiring
the exercise of discretion and independent
judgement, shall be deemed to meet all of the judgement, shall be deemed
(b) "Salary basis" [refer to Section 31-60-14.] (c) "Fee basis" means the payment of an
agreed sum for the accomplishment of a single task regardless of the time required fo its completion. A fee basis payment shall be permitted only for jobs which are unique in
nature rather than for a series of jobs which are epeated an indefinite number of times and for repeated an indefinite number of times and for over and over again. Payment on a fee basis set forth in subsection (a) of this section. Sec. 31-60-16. Employee in bona fide
Professional Capacity.
(a) For the purposes of said section 31-58 (f) "employee employed in a bona fide professional
capacity" means any employee (1) whose primary duty consists of the performance of: (A) work requiring knowledge of an
advanced type in a field of science or learning customarily acquired by a prolonged course of
specialized intellectual instruction and study as distinguished from a general academi
education and from an apprenticeship, and from training in the performance of routine
mental. manual, or physical processes, or (B) mental, manual, or physical processes, or (B)
work that is original and creative in character work hat is original and creative in character
in a recognized field of artistic endeavor, as
opposed to work which can be produced by a person endowed with general manaual or
intellectual ability and training, and the result intellectual ability and training, and the result
of which depends primarily on the invention
imagination or talent of the employee or (C) imagination or talent of the employee or (C)
teaching, tutoring, instructing or lecturing in the activity of imparting knowledge while employed and engaged in this activity as a teacher certified
or recognized as such in the school system or
educational establishment or institution by educational establishment or institution by
which he is employed; and (2) whose work
requires the consistent equires
and $j$ judge consistent exercise of discretio
its performance; and ( 3 ) whose work is predominantly intellectual and mental, manual, mechanical or physical produced or the result accomplished canno of time; and (4) who does not devote more than twenty percent of his hours worked in
the workweek to activities which are not an essential part of and necessarily incident
to the work described in subdivision (1) to
(3) inclusive of this section; compensated for his services on a salary or fee dollars per week exclusive of board, lodging,
or other facilities; provided this subdivision shall not apply in the case of an employee who
is the holder of a valid license or certificate permitting the practice of law or medicine or any
of their branches and who is actually engaged the practice thereof, or in the case of a employee who is the holder of the requisite
academic degree of the general practice of
medicine and is engaged in an internship or medicine and is engaged in an internship of
resident program pursuant to the practice of medicine or any of its branches, or in the case
of an employee employed and engaged as a of an employee employed and engaged as a
teacher as provided in subdivision (1) (C) of
this section, and provided an compensated on a salary or fee basis at a rate dollars per week exclusive of board, Iodging o
other facilities, and whose primary duty consists of the performance either of work described
in subdivision (1) (A) or (C) of this section which includes work requiring the consistent
exercise of discretion and judgement or of
work requiring invention in a recognized field of artistic endeavor, shall
be deemed to meet all of the requirements of

